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Inspection of Steel Vessels with Cladding Overlay, using MWM-Array Technology

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Technical Approach

- Goal: Detect hydrogen blisters in weld overlay clad vessels
 - Detect substrate cracks
- Equipment: 8200 GridStation[®] Electronics
- Software: GridStation autonomous data analysis
- Preliminary demonstration and mock up performed in Waltham, MA, USA
- Inspection performed in Saudi Arabia, during 8 day period (April 2014) on four large vessel units
- Scans performed of over 50% of the internal clad surface



Technology Overview

1. Sensors: flexible eddy current arrays

 Paradigm shift in sensor design (first priority is predictable response based on physicsbased modeling)





- **3. GridStation Software using Hyperlattices**[®]
- Rapid, autonomous data analysis Performs multivariate inverse method (MIM) using precomputed databases
 - Defect Images •
 - **Performance Diagnostics**
 - Noise Suppression



Images **Fhickness**

Analysis - MWM sensor h (lift-off) (permeability Real (File Grid, 10.00) Lift-Off (+

of material

Reduced drift

Nonintegrated

System

Solve Multiple Unknown Problems MIM 10.00 Hz - Imaginary vs. Real (multiple grids) ckness File Grid, 10.00 Hz, Conductivity = 10.000 %IACS, Permeability = 40.000 rel., n ckness File Grid, 10.00 Hz, Conductivity = 10.000 %IACS, Permeability = 100.00 rel., n File Grid 10.00 Hz. Conductivity = 10.000 %JACS. Permeability = 200.00 rel. n Lift-Off (h) Ē Jary D agi

Real (Re)

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2. Next Generation Electronics

10x signal-to-noise improvement

Very low frequencies (deep penetration)

Crack detection through up to 0.5 inches

Units (PEU)





Inverse Method: 4-Unknown HyperLattice Databases



- 1. Lift-Off
- 2. Cladding Permeability
- 3. Cladding Thickness
- 4. Gap thickness



Vessel Scanner: Manual

Manual Scanning Cart and Sensor



Vessel Scanner: Automated

Vessel Mock-Up



MWM-Array Sensors





Test Set Up, JENTEK Sensors, Waltham, MA



Scanner supports, scanner rail and mount on vessel mock-up





Scanner rail



Scanner mount for sensors



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Map of Reported Blister Locations



Example Gap Thickness C-Scan



Gap Thickness C-Scan and 3-D Plot

Corresponding 3D plot localized around the location of a blister







- Program goal was to demonstrate imaging and characterization of blister volume using MWM-Array sensor technology
- A successful first service for inspection for hydrogen blisters in weld overlay clad vessels was completed at a major facility in Saudi Arabia
- Hydrogen blisters were successfully mapped and digitally registered
- Suspect cracks in the steel substrate below the cladding were also identified

